



Standard Specification for Ozone-Resistant Ethylene-Alkene Polymer Insulation for Wire and Cable¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2802; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers an ozone-resisting crosslinked rubber insulation compound for electrical wires and cables. The polymer shall consist substantially of ethylene-alkene copolymer (EAM) or ethylene-alkene diene terpolymer (EADM). This polymer type includes ethylenepropylene copolymer (EPM) and ethylenepropylene diene terpolymer (EPDM).

1.2 This type of insulation is considered suitable for use on wire or cable which will be used in wet and dry locations with conductor temperatures up to 90°C during continuous operation, to 130°C during emergency overload conditions, and to 250°C during short-circuit conditions. It is considered suitable for all sizes and voltage classifications of single- and multiple-conductor power cables up to 35 000 V phase-to-phase at the 100 % insulation level and up to 25 000 V at the 133 % insulation level as listed in Table 1D of Test Methods D470. Single-conductor cables shall have a supplementary covering over the insulation, and multiple-conductor cables shall have an overall covering.

1.3 Whenever two sets of values are presented, in different units, the values in the first set are the standard, while those in parentheses are for information only.

1.4 In many instances the insulation material cannot be tested unless it has been formed around a conductor or cable. Therefore, tests are done on insulated wire or cable in this specification solely to determine the relevant property of the insulation and not to test the conductor or completed cable.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D09 on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D09.18 on Solid Insulations, Non-Metallic Shieldings and Coverings for Electrical and Telecommunication Wires and Cables. Members of ASTM Committees D02 on Petroleum Products and Lubricants, and B07 on Light Metals and Alloys, have contributed to this specification.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2014. Published November 2014. Originally approved in 1970. Last previous edition approved in 2010 as D2802 – 03 (2010). DOI: 10.1520/D2802-14.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

D470 Test Methods for Crosslinked Insulations and Jackets for Wire and Cable

D1711 Terminology Relating to Electrical Insulation

2.2 *ICEA Standard*:³

T-24-380 Guide for Partial Discharge Procedure

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology D1711.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard*:

3.2.1 *aging (act of), v*—exposure of materials to air at a temperature of 121°C for 168 h.

4. Physical Properties

4.1 The crosslinked insulation shall conform to the requirements for physical properties specified in Table 1.

4.2 The values specified in Table 1 are applicable only to insulation having a nominal wall thickness of 0.030 in. (0.76 mm) or greater.

5. Electrical Requirements

5.1 *Order of Testing*—Perform the ac voltage withstand, insulation resistance, and dc voltage withstand tests in that order when any of these tests are required. The sequence for other testing is not specified.

5.2 *AC Voltage Withstand Test*—Each insulated conductor in the completed cable shall withstand for 5 min the ac test

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from the Insulated Cable Engineers' Assn., P.O. Box 440, S. Yarmouth, MA 02664.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard